- 1. Which attack is not defended by AntiVirus?
- a. Trojan
- b. Spyware
- \*c. DDOS
- d. Virus
- 2. Self-replicating malicious software program that, when executed, replicates itself by modifying other computer programs and inserting its own code.
- a. Phishing
- b. Sniffer
- c. DDOS
- \*d. Virus
- 3. Malware that tracks keystrokes and keyboard events, usually surreptitiously / secretly, to monitor actions by the user of an information system.
- a. Phishing
- b. Sniffer
- \*c. Keylogger
- d. DDOS
- 4. Type of malware which restricts access to the computer system that
- it infects, and demands a ransom paid to the creator(s) of the malware in order for the restriction to be removed.
- a. Phishing
- b. Sniffer
- \*c. Ransomware
- d. DDOS
- 5. computer software or hardware that can intercept and log traffic passing over a digital network
- a. Phishing
- \*b. Sniffer
- c. DDOS
- d. Virus
- 6. A program that monitors a computer or network to detect or identify major types of malicious code and to prevent or contain malware incidents. Sometimes by removing or neutralizing the malicious code.
- \*a. Antivirus
- b. Phishing
- c. Encryption
- d. Firewall
- 7. The process of transforming plaintext into ciphertext.
- a. Antivirus
- b. System Update
- \*c. Encryption
- d. Firewall
- 8. Hardware or software designed to prevent unauthorized access to a computer or network from another computer or network.
- a. Antivirus
- b. Phishing
- c. Encryption

\*d. Firewall